



		Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Art & Design	Using sketchbooks	*Children in Reception do not have sketchbooks but will regularly share and talk about their work.	Identify and use simple methods to record information and ideas.  Make close observations and provide descriptions of what they notice.  Show the ability to see wholes and parts.  Experiment with ideas using a sketchbook.  Give opinions about their own and others' work or experiences.  Give reasons for their opinions.	Recognise where similar tasks have been done in the past. Record information in a variety of formats. Identify similarities and differences by making simple comparisons and connections. Make decisions and explain these. Explain their methods and techniques, and the reasons for choices and actions. Generate a range of ideas and options to approach a task.	Use sketches to plan for a final piece of art.  Recognise where similar tasks have been done in the past.  Record information in a variety of formats.  Explain their methods and techniques, and the reasons for choices and actions.  Begin to develop their own evaluations about the merits of their work.	Use sketchbooks to experiment with different prints.  Use sketchbooks to help create facial expressions.  Make ideas real through experimentation using a sketchbook.  Develop methods for collating and recording information.  Learn from and build on their own and others' ideas and experiences.  Make links between their learning in different contexts.  Explain and justify methods, techniques and materials.  Begin to develop their own evaluations about the merits of their work.  Evaluate what they have learned.	Develop methods for collating and recording information.  Make ideas real through experimentation using a sketchbook.  Learn from and build on their own and others' ideas and experiences.  Make links between their learning in different contexts.  Be able to select the most appropriate method/equipment for a particular task.  Explain and justify methods, techniques and materials.  Evaluate their own outcomes.  Compare their methods, techniques and outcomes with those of others.  Begin to challenge conventions and assumptions.	Explain why chosen specific techniques have been used.  Learn from and build on their own and others' ideas and experiences.  Be able to use and adapt a range of methods for collating and recording information.  Be able to select the most appropriate method for a particular task.  Apply understanding and make connections across the curriculum.  Analyse a range of viewpoints.  Make new connections between ideas and techniques/materials.  Evaluate outcomes from a range of perspectives.  Select, combine and synthesise information and/or methods to meet the needs of the situation.  Refine and modify methods and ideas in new situations and in a range of contexts.





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Design	Drawing	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.  Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.  Create collaboratively	Self-portraits  Focus on more accurate observations of faces, limbs etc. when drawing people.  Lowry  Draw carefully in line from observation, recording shapes and positioning all marks/features with some care.  Experiment and investigate with a variety of drawing tools (pencil, rubbers, crayon, pastels, chalk, pen, felt tip).	Rainforests  Exercise care and control over the materials they use (pencil, rubbers, crayon, pastels, chalk, charcoal, pen, felt tip).  Hieroglyphics  Use line and tone to represent objects seen, remembered or imagined.	Chuck Close & Plants  Explore shading, using different media to achieve a range of light and dark tones, black to white.  Use line, tone, pattern, colour, texture, shape and mark with care to represent things seen, imagined or remembered.  Experiment with different drawing techniques (hatching, cross-hatching, stippling, blending, shading, erasing) and make sensible choices about what to do next.	Holbein  Investigate and experiment with formal elements (line, tone, shape, texture, pattern and colour) to make drawings that convey meaning.  Develop different drawing techniques (hatching, cross-hatching, stippling, blending, shading, erasing) and make sensible choices about what to do next.  Produce increasingly accurate drawings of people.	Highwayman Landscapes  Use the correct vocabulary for the key elements (line, tone, shape, texture, pattern, colour, form).  Drawing show an understanding of the effect of light on objects, people and mood.  Develop use of different drawing techniques (hatching, cross-hatching, stippling, blending, shading, erasing, side strokes, circulism) within their work and make sensible choices about what to do next.	Perspective Drawing and Collage  Develop use of the effect of light on objects and people from different directions.  Convey tonal qualities well, showing good understanding of light and dark on form.  Independently select and effectively use relevant drawing materials and processes, using them successfully and sharing reasons for their choices.  Develop use of scale, proportion and perspective.
Art & D	Painting	sharing ideas, resources and skills.  Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.  ELG: Creating with Materials  ELG: Fine Motor Skills	Diwali Lamps & Hockney Experiment with primary colours and create the secondary colours.  Experiment with a variety of different brush sizes and with other painting tools, such as sponge brushes, objects.  Paint onto a range of different surfaces with a range of tools.	The Enormous Crocodile Investigate mixing a wider variety colours, to create different tones (adding white and black to a colour) and share their discoveries with others.  Hieroglyphics Begin to control the types of marks made with a range of painting techniques, e.g. pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping.	Fireworks  Demonstrate increasing control of the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures including blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textual effects.  Use a brush with control to produce marks appropriate to the work, e.g. small brush for detail.	Monet's River Thames Series & Dali  Use light and dark within painting and show an understanding of complementary colours.  Produce work 'in the style' of an artist (not copying directly).  Christmas Cards  Confidently control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures including blocking in colour, washes and thickening paint to create textual effects.	Peter Thorpe  Create a colour wheel to show complementary colours and look at the work of artists that may use complementary colours.  Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects, e.g. using monochromatic colours.  Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence.  Show movement through paint.	Van Gogh & Pop Art  Work in a sustained and independent way to develop own style of painting.  Purposely control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures including blocking in colour, washes and thickening paint to create textual effects.  Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence building on previous knowledge, understanding which works well in their work and why.





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Art & Design	Sculpture	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.  Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.  Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills.  Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.  ELG: Creating with Materials  ELG: Fine Motor Skills	Diwali Lamps  Shape, form, join, construct and model materials for a purpose, (clay lamp) from observation and imagination.  Manipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways including rolling, pinching and kneading.  Select and use tools and equipment safely and in the correct way.	Goldsworthy  Design and plan the final outcome of their piece before making.  Experiment with a variety of natural materials to shape, form, join, construct for a purpose.  Use surface patterns / textures when appropriate.	Making Fossils & Hydra Eyes  Produce and decorate models confidently.  Make a slip to join two pieces of clay.  Produce more intricate surface patterns / textures and use them when appropriate.	Soap Carving Impress and apply simple decoration techniques: impressed, painted, applied, carved. Select and use tools and equipment safely and in the correct way.	Solar System Models  Use papier mâché to create a textured / sculpted pattern on another surface / object.  Know that the sculpture will take the form of the object used to shape it when wet.	Weave A Sculpture  Create a base on which to weave a carefully chosen selection of fabric pieces.  Plan how to join parts of the sculpture, securing work to continue at a later date as needed.  Work in a safe and organised way.
Art	Artist Study		Featured artists: LS Lowry and David Hockney  Know the names of famous artists and identify key features of their work.  Ask questions about a piece of art.	Featured artists: Andy Goldsworthy Identify how artists have used colour, pattern and shape. Talk about their own work and that of other artists, discuss the techniques they have used and share their thoughts and feelings linked to the art work. Create a piece of art in response to the work of another artist.	Featured artists: Chuck Close Chuck Close & Fireworks Identify the techniques used by different artists. Mosaics Recognise when art is from different cultures and historical periods. Fireworks Compare the work of different artists.	Featured artists: Monet, Dali & Holbein  Monet, Dali & Holbein  Identify how different artists developed their specific techniques and experiment with them.  Monet & Holbein  Identify some of the features of art from historical periods.	Featured artists: Peter Thorpe Peter Thorpe & Arabic Art Research the work of an artist and use their work to replicate a style. Peter Thorpe Understand what a specific artist is trying to achieve. Arabic Art Identify tessellations and discriminate between pattern and tessellation.	Featured artists: Van Gogh & Andy Warhol Van Gogh & Pop Art Identify the style of art used and how it has been influenced by a famous artist. Propaganda Posters Know how art can be used to convey different messages. Pop Art Understand why art can be very abstract and wha message the artist is trying to convey.





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	Understanding Music	ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive	Move in time with a steady beat.  Copy back simple long and short rhythms with clapping.  Treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Have fun warming up face, body and voice.  Copy back rhythms from memory.  Treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Begin to understand the importance of warming up your face, body and voice.  Demonstrate how to treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Know the importance of warming up your face, body and voice.  Demonstrate how to treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Know and explain the importance of warming up your face, body and voice.  Demonstrate how to treat instruments carefully and with respect.	Know and explain the importance of warming up your face, body and voice.  Demonstrate how to treat instruments carefully and with respect.
Music	Listening	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.  Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.  Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.  ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive	Listen actively to a variety of music styles (e.g., folk, classical, world music) focusing on dynamics, tempo, and mood.	Identify and describe musical elements like dynamics, tempo, and timbre.  Explore how music creates different moods.	Identify and describe musical elements like texture (homophony, polyphony) and structure (verse, chorus).	Analyse and evaluate music from different historical periods and genres.  Identify composers and instruments used in familiar pieces of music.	Analyse and evaluate complex pieces of music.  Identify musical devices and techniques used by known composers.	Analyse, explore and discover the song/piece's musical concepts and style.  Place the song/piece in its historical, cultural and global context.





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	Singing	Learn rhymes, poems and songs.  Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.  ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive	Participate in singing games. Learn songs with simple melodies and rhythms by heart.	Demonstrate vocal control.  Sing songs in two parts (rounds, descants).  Know that when singing together, each person must learn to listen to each other's voices.  Explore improvisation in singing.	Develop the ability to sing in different vocal styles (e.g., call and response).  Sing songs in three parts.  Know that when singing together, each person must learn to listen to each other's voices.	Sing as part of an ensemble and listen to each other to keep in time.  Demonstrate the confidence to sing solo.  Explore different vocal styles across cultures.	Sing as part of an ensemble and listen to each other to keep time and pitch. Learn songs in multiple parts. Identify the structure of the song.	Sing as part of an ensemble and listen to each other to keep time and pitch. Copy back increasingly complex melodic patterns using voices. Perform a choral piece of music for an audience.
Music	Playing Instruments	ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive	Experiment with tuned and untuned percussion instruments.  Perform short repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati or riffs) whilst keeping in time with a steady beat.	Learn basic techniques on tuned instruments. Play together with others, keeping the beat. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	Develop ensemble playing skills.  Play a part on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part from familiar notation.	Refine playing skills on a chosen instrument. Rehearse and perform a part in a song. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	Develop more advanced playing skills on a chosen instrument.  Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a onenote, simple or medium part from notation.  Listen to and follow increasingly complex musical instructions from a leader.	Record a performance and compare it to a previous performance.  Evaluate and talk musically about a performance.





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Music	Composing	ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive	Know that composing is like writing a story with music.  Combine sounds to make a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments (e.g. rainmaker) or soundmakers (e.g. rustling leaves).  Create simple rhythmic patterns using body percussion, instruments, or voices.	Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.  Create simple melodies and rhythmic patterns using own notation.  Know that improvisation is about making up own tunes without writing them down.	Compose short pieces using learned notation and techniques. Understand the importance of the home note. Explore basic music theory concepts (major/minor scales) in own compositions. Improvise with increasing confidence.	Compose more complex pieces using learned theory and techniques.  Add suitable dynamics to own composition.  Create a melody in keeping with the style of the backing track.  Explore improvisation with chosen instruments.  Share and talk about own improvisation.	Explain the importance of the home note in the context of their own composition.  Use music technology to capture, change and combine sounds.  Compose individually or as part of a group.  Create personal musical ideas using an increasing range of given notes.	Choose a key signature and time signature for own composition  Use simple rhythmic combinations of semibreves, minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests in own compositions.  Improvise securely and with confidence.
	Music Language and Notation		Understand and use musical vocabulary:	Understand and use musical vocabulary:  • tempo • fast • slow • dynamics • loud • soft • improvise	Understand and use musical vocabulary:  • texture • structure • musical notation  Create musical sound effects and sequences of sounds and assign them to different shapes and symbols.	Understand and use musical vocabulary:  • musical forms  • sonata  • rondo  • historical musical periods / genres  • baroque  • classical  Use predetermined symbols on a score as well as inventing own symbols.	Understand and use musical vocabulary:  • stave • clef • key signature • performance techniques  Know what the stave, lines and spaces, and clef represent.  Use dot notation to show higher or lower pitch.	Understand and use musical vocabulary:      crotchet     quavers     semibreve     minims     rest     canon     fugue     conductor / conducting  Understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers.